Board of Studies Meeting

Dept. of Microbiology

SEMESTER PATTERN

w.e.f.

THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2020-2021

Date: 24-11-2020

SRR & CVR GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE
(AUTONOMOUS) Vijayawada 520004

SRR & CVR GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)
Vijayawada 520004

Minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies in the subject of

MICROBIOLOGY

The meeting of the Board of Studies in the subject of MICROBIOLOGY was held on 24th November 2020 in Dept. of Microbiology Laboratory, SRR & CVR Govt. Degree College (Autonomous) , Vijayawada 520004.

The following members attended the meeting:

LIST OF BOS MEMBERS

S.No	Name	Qualification	Designation	Address
1.	Mrs.D.Jyothi	M.Sc, B.Ed	Chairman	I/c. Dept. of Microbiology SRR&CVR GDC (Autonomous),
2.	Dr. P.V.Brahmachari	M.Sc, Ph.D	University Nominee	HOD, Dept. of Biotechnology, Krishna University Machilipatnam.
3.	Dr.k.Sucharita	M.Sc, , Ph.D	Subject Expert	I/c. Dept. of Microbiology GDC for Women(A)
4.	Dr.K.Aruna	M.Sc, Ph.D	Subject Expert	Lecturer in Microbiology ASD GDC, Kakinada
5.	M. Ratna kumari	M.Sc	Alumini	SRR & CVR GDC (A), Vijayawada.

D. Jyothi

AGENDA FOR BOS MEETING

Type of meeting: Board Of Studies meeting in MICROBIOLOGY subject.

Facilitator: **Mrs.D.Jyothi** , I/c. Dept. of Microbiology.

Note Taker : Mrs. C. Dorcas Anand , Guest lecturer

Attendees: **BOS** Members.

Time & Date: 3.00 PM ON 24th November 2020 ,Tuesday

Location: To be held at Dept. of Microbiology, SRR&CVR GDC

Agenda Items:

Item 1: Approval of syllabus for Semester I & II for the Academic year 2020-21

Item2 : Review of lll & v sem syllabi.

Item 3: Approval of Question paper, blue print and model paper

Item 4: Approval for Internal assessment component, Minimum marks in internal assessment

RESOLUTIONS

The Chairperson, Board of Studies welcomed the members and initiated discussion on the syllabus for VIth semester. She apprised the members of the guidelines of the UGC and the CCE regarding the framing of syllabus, and the recommended evaluation ratio for internal and external examinations. The members discussed in detail the various aspects presented before them and unanimously resolved the following:

Resolutions:

1. Resolved to adopt the present University CBCS syllabus for semester I & II, with the suggested modifications.
2. Review of III & V Semester Syllabi to continue as it is.
3. Resolved to approve the division of marks for internal and external examination along with the suggested blue print and model paper.
4. Resolved to approve the list of paper setters and examiners submitted by the department

S.NO	NAME	DESIGNATION	SIGNATURE
1.	Mrs.D.Jyothi	Chairman	D. Jyothi
2.	Dr. P.V.Bramhachari	University Nominee	
3.	Dr. K.Sucharita	Subject Expert	24/11/2020
4.	Dr.K.Aruna	Subject Expert	Aruna

PRINCIPAL

SRR & CVR GOVT. DEGREE COLLEGE
(Autonomous)

PHONE NO : 0866-2430060
FAX NO : 0866-2441092

NAAC : B+ (III Cycle with CGPA : 2.80) - Estd: 1937
ISO 9001 - 2015 Certified
Institution is ranked by NIRF in 151 - 200 band at NIRF - 2019

WEBSITE : www.srcvr.org
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BOARD OF STUDIES MEETING

(2020-2021)

24th November 2020

I, II & III B.Sc Microbiology

(With Effect from Admitted Batch 2020-2021)

DEPARTMENT OF MICROBIOLOGY

Programme Code: 313 & 309

PREFACE

SRR & CVR Govt. Degree College (A), Vijayawada, is one of the prestigious educational institutions, located in Vijayawada in Krishna District, Andhra Pradesh. Vijayawada is a place of historical and cultural significance and importance. In the same way SRR & CVR Govt. Degree College, has also acquired its significance and prominence in and around Vijayawada by molding the lives of many students to become great personalities. This college is named after late Sri Raja Rangayyappa Rao and late Sri Chunduru Venkata Reddy, who have been great and noble donors of the city Vijayawada, by whose generosity the college has reached and attained such and this elevated status by way of shaping the lives of many generations of students making them worthy citizens of the country. This college has acquired great standards academically by the contributions of great teachers as well because in the history of any educational institution its teachers play a vital role. The college was established in 1937. It offers 27 undergraduate and 10 post graduate academic programmers with 86 regular faculty members. The college has total strength of around 2,800 students. which includes 1550 boys and 650 girl students at present. The institution was accredited with grade B+ with C.G.P.A 2.6 during 2017 by NAAC.

The Department of Microbiology was established in the Academic Year 1998-99 when restructured courses were first established in selected Government Colleges. Now Department has offering UG programme Microbiology with allied subjects Biochemistry and Chemistry has sanctioned strength of 30 students. At present the Microbiology laboratory is fully equipped with instruments such as microscopes, laminar air flow, oven, incubator, refrigerator, and sufficient glassware. The department is fully furnished. The department has its own library with books in microbiology both of Indian and foreign authors. The Department is giving importance to the student centric & skill oriented programmes. A new job oriented restructured UG programme B.Sc MBF (Microbiology, Biochemistry & Food Technology) has introduced in the year 2020-2021 with intake of the students is 30 every year. The Department is giving importance to the student centric & skill oriented programmes.

Duration of the B.Sc Microbiology (MBC & MBF) Programme (313 & 309): 3/4 years

DETAILS OF COURSE TITLES & CREDITS

SEM	Course Code	Title of the Course	Course type (T/L)	Hrs./ Week (Science: 4+2)	Credits (Science: 4+2)	Max. Marks Internal	Max. Marks Sem-end Exam	Total Marks
I	MB – 1324 N	INTRODUCTION TO MICROBIOLOGY AND MICROBIAL DIVERSITY	T	4	4	40	60	100
	MB -1324 N P	INTRODUCTION TO MICROBIOLOGY AND MICROBIAL DIVERSITY	L	2	2	25	25	50
II	MB -2324 N	MICROSCOPY, MICROBIAL BIOCHEMISTRY AND METABOLISM	T	4	4	40	60	100
	MB -2324 N P	MICROSCOPY, MICROBIAL BIOCHEMISTRY AND METABOLISM	L	2	2	25	25	50
III	MB - 3324	MICROBIAL GENETICS MOLECULAR BIOLOGY	T	4	4	40	60	100
	MB -3324 P	MICROBIAL GENETICS MOLECULAR BIOLOGY	L	2	2	25	25	50
IV	MB - 4324	IMMUNOLOGY AND MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY	T	4	4	40	60	100
	MB -4324 P	IMMUNOLOGY AND MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY	L	2	2	25	25	50
V	MB-5324	ENVIRONMENTAL & AGRICULTURAL MICROBIOLOGY	T	4	4	40	60	100
	MB-5324 P	ENVIRONMENTAL & AGRICULTURAL MICROBIOLOGY	L	2	2	25	25	50
	MB-6324	FOOD AND INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY	T	4	4	40	60	100
	MB-6324 P	FOOD AND INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY	L	2	2	25	25	50
VI Elective	MB-7324	MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY	T	4	4	40	60	100
	MB-7324 P	MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY	L	2	2	25	25	50
VI Cluster	MB-8324 A1	MICROBIAL DIAGNOSTICS AND HEALTH CLINICS	T	4	4	40	60	100
	MB-8324 A1 P	MICROBIAL DIAGNOSTICS AND HEALTH CLINICS	L	2	2	25	25	50
	MB-8324 A2	MICROBIAL QUALITY CONTROL IN FOOD AND PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES	T	4	4	40	60	100
	MB-8324 A2 P	MICROBIAL QUALITY CONTROL IN FOOD AND PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES	L	2	2	25	25	50
	MB-8324 A3	BIOFERTILIZERS & BIOPESTICIDES	T	4	4	40	60	100
	MB-8324 A3 P	BIOFERTILIZERS & BIOPESTICIDES	L	2	2	25	25	50

Note: *Course type code: T: Theory, L: Lab

SRR &CVR GOVT DEGREE COLLEGE (A) VIJAYAWADA: 520004
KRISHNA DISTRICT: ANDHRA PRADESH

DEPARTMENT OF MICROBIOLOGY

B.Sc Microbiology (MBC &MBF) Programme Objectives and Outcomes

Aim and objectives of UG program BSc Microbiology:

The programme BSc Microbiology introduces students to the vast array of microbes *VIZ* bacteria, archaea, viruses, fungi and protozoa around us, their diversity and applications. The programme has a strong practical emphasis, providing students with the basic laboratory skills required for a career in either applied or research microbiology.

Programme outcome

Graduates will acquire adequate knowledge and basic laboratory skills required for career in either applied or research microbiology

Programme specific outcomes

Microbiology students who graduate with a Bachelor of Science with Microbiology will

PSO1: Acquire knowledge on fundamentals of Microbiology, expertise in pure culture techniques & preservation of cultures and understand microbial physiology and biochemistry

PSO2: Gain insight into the various aspects of Microbial Genetics and r DNA technology.

PSO3: Grasp the fundamental concepts of immunity, immune response and epidemiology of microbial diseases. Demonstrate on collection and handling of laboratory specimens.

PSO4: Understand the role of microbes in nutrient recycling, sustainable agriculture culture, Microbial spoilage of food, principles of food preservation and Microbial production of Industrial products.

PSO5: Realize the application-oriented aspects of Microbiology and significance of Intellectual Property Rights

SRR & CVR GOVT. DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VIJAYAWADA
B.Sc MICROBIOLGY (CBSC) SYLLABUS

BSc	MICROBIOLOGY (Semester: I)	Credits: 4
MB -1324 N	INTRODUCTION TO MICROBIOLOGY AND MICROBIAL DIVERSITY	Hrs/Wk: 4

Aim and objectives of Course

To understand History & Development of Microbiology, Microscopy, staining and sterilization techniques, Ultra-structure of cell, Different methods of microbial characterization

To study nature of viruses, viral classification, cultivation of viruses and Type study of TMV & HIV

Learning outcomes of Course (COs)

Up on completion of the course students able to

CO1: Students will be able to illustrate the contributions made by the prominent Scientists for development of Microbiology

CO2: Students will able to differentiate a large number of bacteria by their salient characteristics

CO3: Perform pure culture techniques and techniques for preservation and maintenance of stock cultures

CO4: Understand Principles of Microscopy, handling and uses of microscopes

CO5: Analyse various techniques used for Sterilization and Disinfection techniques.

UNIT-I

History (8Hrs)

History and mile stones in Microbiology – Meaning, definition and history of Microbiology. Contributions of Antony von Leeuwenhoek, Edward Jenner, Louis Pasteur, Robert Koch, Iwanowsky. Importance and applications of Microbiology.

UNIT – II Classification, general characters of eukaryotic Microorganisms, Isolation and Staining Techniques (10Hrs)

Classification of microorganisms – Heckel's three Kingdom concepts - Whittaker's five kingdom concept and three domain concept of Carl Woes and phylogenetic tree. Isolation and identification of Microorganisms-Principles and types of stains (Simple, Differential and negative stains), structural stains – spore, capsule, flagella. Hanging-drop method.

UNIT –III Clasiification and general characters of prokaryotes and viruses (10Hrs)

Differentiation of prokaryotes and eukaryotes. General characteristics of bacteria, Achaea, mycoplasmas, cyanobacteria and actinomycetes. Ultra structure of a bacterial cell invariant conponents – cell wall, cell membranes, ribosomes, nucleoid. Variant components – Capsule, flagella, fimbriae, endospore and storage granules, General characteristics and classification of viruses- animal, plant and microbial.General characteristics of eukaryotic microorganisms

– microprotozoa, microalgae, molds and yeasts.

UNIT-IV Sterilization **(8 Hrs)**

Sterilization and disinfection techniques - Principles and methods of sterilization, Physical methods – autoclave, hot- air oven, pressure cooker, laminar air flow, filter sterilization, Radiation methods – UV rays. Gamma rays. Ultrasonic methods. Chemical methods.

Chemical methods – Use of alcohols, aldehydes, fumigants, phenols, halogens and hypochlorite's. Phenol coefficient.

UNIT-V Isolation & Preservation **(8Hrs)**

Isolation of microorganisms from natural habitats (air, water, soil, rhizosphere and phyloplane).Pure culture techniques – enrichment culturing, dilution-plating, streak-plate, spread-plate and micromanipulator. Preservation of microbial cultures – sub culturing, overlaying cultures with mineral oils, lyophilization sand cultures, storage at low temperature (ultra low temperature).

Additional Inputs:

In unit-I: Contributions of Paul Ehrlich

In Unit –V: Heavy metals under chemical methods of sterilization

MB -1324 N P Introduction to Microbiology and Microbial Diversity

TOTAL HOURS: 48 **CREDITS: 2**

Microbiology Good Laboratory Practices and Bio-safety.

To study the principle and applications of important instruments (biological safety cabinets, autoclave, incubator, hot air oven, light microscope, pH meter) used in the microbiology laboratory.

Preparation of culture media for cultivation of bacteria, fungi

Sterilization of medium using Autoclave

Sterilization of glassware using Hot Air Oven

Sterilization of heat sensitive material by membrane filtration and assessment for sterility

Demonstration of the presence of micro flora in the environment by exposing nutrient agar plates to air.

Isolation of single colonies on solid media.

Isolation of pure cultures of bacteria by streaking method.

Preservation of bacterial cultures by various techniques.

Diagrammatic or Electron photomicrography observation of TMV, HIV, T4 phage

SUGGESTED READING

Ram Reddy, S. and Reddy, S.M. (2007). Essentials of Virology. Scientific Publishers India, Jodhpur.
Reddy, S.M. (2003). University Microbiology .I . Galgotia Publications New Delhi. Dube, R.C. and Maheswari, D.K. (2000) General Microbiology. S Chand ,New Delhi. Prescott, M.J., Harley, J.P. and Klein, D.A. (2010).
Microbiology. 5th Edition, WCB Mc GrawHill, New York.
Madigan, M.T., Martinkl, J.M. and Parker, J. (2010). Brock Biology of Microorganisms, 9th Edition, MacMillan Press, England.

SRR & CVR GOVT. DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VIJAYAWADA
B.Sc MICROBIOLGY (CBSC) SYLLABUS

BSc	MICROBIOLOGY (Semester: II)	Credits: 4
MB -2324 N	MICROSCOPY, MICROBIAL BIOCHEMISTRY & METABOLISM	Total hours:50

Aim and objectives of Course

To understand different bio molecular, bacterial nutrition, bacterial growth and metabolism

Learning outcomes of Course (COs)

Up on completion of this course students should able to:

CO1: Students able to describe the nutritional forms of bacteria and bacterial growth kinetics and methods to measure bacterial growth

CO2: Students will understand bacterial respiration, metabolism, photosynthesis and fermentations

CO3: Knowledge on classification of carbohydrates as structural and storage components, Classification of lipids and amino acids

CO4: Students will able to understand structure and functions of nucleic acids

CO5: Students will able to understand enzyme catalysis and kinetics

HOURS: 48 **CREDITS: 4**

UNIT-I

Microscopy (6 h)

Principles of microscopy - bright field, dark field, - 3 h, phase-contrast, fluorescence and electron microscopy (SEM and TEM). Ocular and stage micrometers - Size determination of microorganisms.

UNIT-II

Biomolecules (10 h)

Biomolecules of microorganisms. Outline classification and general characteristics of carbohydrates (monosaccharide's, disaccharides and polysaccharides). General characteristics of amino acids and proteins. Structure of nitrogenous bases, nucleotides, nucleic acids. Fatty acids (saturated and unsaturated) and lipids (spingolipids, sterols and phospholipids).

UNIT-II **(12h)**

Hydrogen ion concentration in biological fluids, pH measurement. Types of buffers and their use in biological reactions. Principle and applications of colorimerty and chromatography (paper, thin-layer and column). Enzymes properties and classification. Enzyme unit and Biocatalysis in duced fit, and lock and key model coenzymes. Cofactors. Factors affecting catalytic activity. Inhibition of enzyme activity competitive, noncompetitive, uncompetitive and allosteric.

UNIT-IV
Microbial nutrition and Growth **(10h)**

Microbial nutrition –nutritional requirements and uptake of nutrients by cells.Nutritional groups of microcroorganisms- autotrophs, heterotrophs, mixotrophs, methylotrophs.

Growth media synthetic, nonsynthetic, selective, enrichment and differential media. Microbial Growth- different phases of growth in batch cultures. Synchronous, continuous, biphasic growth. Factors influencing microbial growth. Methods for measuring microbial growth – Direct microscopy, viable count estimates, turbiodometry, biomass.

UNIT-V
Intermediary Metabolism **(10h)**

Aerobic respiration - Glycolysis, Electron transport, oxidative and substrate level phosphorylation. Anaplerotic reactions. β-Oxidation of fatty acids. Anaerobic respiration (nitrate, sulphate respiration). Fermentation - Common microbial fermentations with special reference to alcohol and lactic acid fermentations.

Additional Inputs

Unit-V: Glyoxilate pathway and its significance

MB -2324 N P MICROSCOPY, MICROBIAL BIOCHEMISTRY & METABOLISM TOTAL HOURS: 48 CREDITS: 2

1. Light compound microscope and its handling.
2. Microscopic observation of bacteria (Gram +ve bacilli and cocci, Gra-.ve bacilli), cyanobacteria (Nostoc, Spirulina), algae (Scenedesmus sp., diatoms), and fungi (Saccharomyces, Rhizopus, Aspergillus, Penicillium, Fusarium).
3. Calibrations of microscopic measurements (Ocular, stage micrometers).
4. Measuring dimensions of fungal spores
5. Simple staining
6. Negative staining
7. Gram's staining
8. Colorimetric estimation DNA by diphenylamine method
9. Colorimetric estimation of proteins by Biuret/Lowry method
10. Paper chromatographic separation of sugars and amino acids
11. Preparation of different media: synthetic media BG-11, Complex media-Nutrient agar, Mc Conkey agar, EMB agar.
12. Enrichment culturing and isolation of phototrophs and chemoautotrophs.
13 Setting and observation of Winogradsky column.
14. Estimation of CFU count by spread plate method/pour plate method.
15 Bacterial growth curve.
16. Factors affecting bacterial growth – pH, temperature, salts

SUGGESTED READING

Prescott, M.J., Harley, J.P. and Klein, D.A. (2010). Microbiology. 5th Edition, WCB Mc GrawHill, New York.
Madigan, M.T., Martinkl, J.M. and Parker, J. (2010). Brock Biology of Microorganisms, 9th Edition, MacMillan Press, England.
Stanier, R.Y., Adelberg, E.A. and Ingram, J.L. (1991). General Microbiology, 5th Ed.,Prentice
Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
Gottschalk, G. (1986). Bacterial Metabolism, SpringerVerlag, NewYork. Caldwell, D.R. (1995). Microbial Physiology and Metabolism, W.C. Brown Publications, Iowa, USA.
Moat, A.G. and Foster, J.W. (1995). Microbial Physiology, JohnWiley, New York.

SRR & CVR GOVT. DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VIJAYAWADA
B.Sc MICROBIOLGY (CBSC) SYLLABUS

BSc	MICROBIOLOGY (Semester: III)	Credits: 4
MB - 3324	MICROBIAL GENETICS AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY	Total hours:48

Aim and objectives of Course

To understand DNA, RNA, Protein structure and synthesis. DNA damage, mutations and repair. Gene transfer methods.

Learning outcomes of Course (COs)

Up on completion of the course students able to

CO1: Understand the structure and functions of DNA, RNA, plasmids, transposons and bacterial replication.
CO2: Students will understand various mutations
CO3: Develop knowledge on genetic code and recombination in bacteria
CO4: Students acquire basic concepts of gene expression
CO5: Get knowledge on regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes

UNIT-I **No. of hours: 10**

DNA and RNA as genetic material.
Structure and organization of prokaryotic DNA.
Extrachromosomal genetic elements – Plasmids and transposons.
Replication of DNA – Semi conservative mechanism, Enzymes involved in replication.

UNIT-II **No. of hours: 10**

Mutations – spontaneous and induced, base pair changes, frame shifts, deletions, inversions, tandem duplications, insertions.
Mutagens - Physical and Chemical mutagens.
Outlines of DNA damage and repair mechanisms.
Genetic recombination in bacteria – Conjugation, Transformation and Transduction.

UNIT-III **No. of hours: 10**

Concept of gene – Muton, Recon and Cistron.
Types of RNA and their functions.
Genetic code. Structure of ribosomes.

UNIT-IV **No. of hours: 8**

Types of genes – structural, constitutive, regulatory
Protein synthesis – Transcription and translation.
Regulation of gene expression in bacteria – *lac* operon.

UNIT-V **No. of hours: 10**

Basic principles of genetic engineering.
Restriction endonucleases, DNA polymerases and ligases. Vectors.
Outlines of gene cloning methods.

Polymerase chain reaction. Genomic and cDNA libraries.
General account on application of genetic engineering in industry, agriculture and medicine.

Additional Inputs
Disadvantages of GM Crops

MB N-3324 P: MICROBIAL GENETICS AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

TOTAL HOURS: 48 **CREDITS: 2**

1. Study of different types of DNA and RNA using micrographs and model / schematic representations.
2. Study of semi-conservative replication of DNA through micrographs / schematic representations
3. Isolation of genomic DNA from *E. coli*
4. Estimation of DNA using UV spectrophotometer.
5. Resolution and visualization of DNA by Agarose Gel Electrophoresis.
6. Resolution and visualization of proteins by Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis (SDS - PAGE).
7. Problems related to DNA and RNA characteristics, Transcription and Translation.
8. Induction of mutations in bacteria by UV light.
9. Instrumentation in molecular biology - Ultra centrifuge, Transilluminator, PCR

Recommended Text Books &Reference books:

- Freifelder, D. (1990). Microbial Genetics. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi. Freifelder, D. (1997). Essentials of Molecular Biology. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Glick, B.P. and Pasternack, J. (1998). Molecular Biotechnology, ASM Press, Washington D.C., USA.
- Lewin, B. (2000). Genes VIII. Oxford University Press, England.
- Maloy, S.R., Cronan, J.E. and Freifelder, D. (1994). Microbial Genetics, Jones and Bartlett Publishers, London.
- Ram Reddy, S., Venkateshwarlu, K. and Krishna Reddy, V. (2007) A text Book of Molecular Biotechnology. Himalaya Publishers, Hyderabad.
- Sinnot E.W., L.C. Dunn and T. Dobzhansky. (1958). Principles of Genetics. 5 th Edition. McGraw Hill, New York.
- Smith, J.E. (1996). Biotechnology, Cambridge University Press.
- Snyder, L. and Champness, W. (1997). Molecular Genetics of Bacteria. ASM press,
- Strickberger, M.W. (1967). Genetics. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
- Verma, P.S. and Agarwal, V.K. (2004). Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution and Ecology. S. Chand & Co. Ltd., New Delhi.

SRR & CVR GOVT. DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VIJAYAWADA
B.Sc MICROBIOLGY (CBSC) SYLLABUS

BSc	MICROBIOLOGY (Semester: IV)	Credits: 4
MB - 4324	IMMUNOLOGY AND MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY	

Aim and objectives of Course

To study types of immunity, immune organs, cells, antibodies and antigen-antibody interactions.
To learn diagnostic and pathogenesis of various diseases. Antimicrobial defense and different toxins and vaccines.

Learning outcomes of Course (COs)

Up on completion of the course students able to

CO1: Students will demonstrate on collection, handling and processing of laboratory specimens

CO2: Develop information on epidemiology, treatment and control of infectious diseases

CO3: Student can safeguard him& society and can work diagnostics and hospitals.

CO4: Explain No-specific body defense and the immune response

CO5: Understand structure and properties of Antigen and antibodies

UNIT-I **No. of hours: 10**

Types of immunity – innate and acquired; active and passive; humoral and cell-mediated immunity.
Primary and secondary organs of immune system – thymus, bursa fabricus, bone marrow, spleen and lymph nodes.
Cells of immune system.
Identiification and function of B and T lymphocytes, null cells, monocytes, macrophages, neutrophils, basophils and eosinophils and Mast cells

UNIT-II **No. of hours: 10**

Antigens – types, chemical nature, antigenic determinants, haptens.
Factors affecting antigenicity.
Antibodies – basic structure, types, properties and functions of immunoglobulins.
Types of antigen-antibody reactions - Agglutinations, Precipitation, Neutralization, complement fixation, blood groups.
Labeled antibody based techniques – ELISA, RIA and Immunofluroscence. Polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies – production and applications.
Concept of hypersensitivity and Autoimmunity.

UNIT-III **No. of hours: 10**

Normal flora of human body.
Host pathogen interactions: infection, invasion, pathogen, pathogenicity, virulence and opportunistic infection.
General account on nosocomial infection.

General principles of diagnostic microbiology- collection, transport and processing of clinical samples.
General methods of laboratory diagnosis - cultural, biochemical, serological and molecular methods.

UNIT-IV **No. of hours: 8**

Antibacterial Agents- Penicillin, Streptomycin, streptomycin and trtracyclines
Antifungal agents – Amphotericin B, Griseofulvin
Antiviral substances - Amantadine and Acyclovir
Tests for antimicrobial susceptibility.
Brief account on antibiotic resistance in bacteria - Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA).
Vaccines – Natural and recombinant.

UNIT-V **No. of hours: 10**

General account on microbial diseases – causal organism, pathogenesis, epidemiology, diagnosis, prevention and control
Bacterial diseases – Tuberculosis and Typhoid
Fungal diseases – Candidiasis.
Protozoal diseases – Malaria.
Viral Diseases - Hepatitis- A and AIDS

Additional Inputs:

Unit-III: Western blotting and Sothern blotting

MB -4324 P: IMMUNOLOGY AND MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY

TOTAL HOURS: 48 **CREDITS: 2**

1. Identification of human blood groups.
2. Separate serum from the blood sample (demonstration).
3. Estimation of blood haemoglobin.
4. Total Leukocyte Count of the given blood sample.
5. Differential Leukocyte Count of the given blood sample.
6. Immunodiffusion by Ouchterlony method.
7. Identify bacteria - *E. coli, Pseudomonas, Staphylococcus, Bacillus,* using laboratory strains on the basis of cultural, morphological and biochemical characteristics: IMViC, urease production and catalase tests
8. Isolation of bacterial flora of skin by swab method.
9. Antibacterial sensitivity by Kirby-Bauer method
10. Study symptoms of the diseases with the help of photographs: Anthrax,

Polio, Herpes, chicken pox, HPV warts, Dermatomycoses (ring worms)

11. Study of various stages of malarial parasite in RBCs using permanent mounts.

Recommended Text Books &Reference books:

- Ananthanarayan R. and Paniker C.K.J. (2009) Textbook of Microbiology. 8th edition, University Press Publication.
- Brooks G.F., Carroll K.C., Butel J.S., Morse S.A. and Mietzner, T.A. (2013) Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's Medical Microbiology. 26th edition. McGraw Hill Publication.
- Delves P, Martin S, Burton D, Roitt IM. (2006). Roitt's Essential Immunology.11th edition Wiley-Blackwell Scientific Publication, Oxford.
- Goldsby RA, Kindt TJ, Osborne BA. (2007). Kuby's Immunology. 6th edition W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.
- Kuby's Immunology. 6th edition W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.
- Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's Medical Microbiology. 26th edition. McGraw Hill Microbiology. 4th edition. Elsevier Publication.
- Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Woolverton CJ. (2013) Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology. 9th edition. McGraw Hill Higher Education.

SRR & CVR GOVT.DEGREE COLLEGE (A) VIJAYAWADA

B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) SYLLABUS

THIRD YEAR – SEMESTER- V

SYLLABUS APPORVED THROUGH BOS 2019-220

MB-5324-5: ENVIRONMENTAL & AGRICULTURAL MICROBIOLOGY

Learning outcomes of Course (COs)

Up on completion of the course students able to

CO1: The student will have fundamental concepts in soil microbiology and soil water and aero microbial diversity and microbial interactions
CO2: Basic concepts in treatment of drinking water.
CO3: Understands the role of microorganisms in treatment of solid and liquid waste.
CO4: The student will acquire knowledge on application of microorganisms in agro – environmental fields.
CO5: Get fundamental concepts in principles of plant disease control

TOTAL HOURS: 36 **CREDITS: 3**

UNIT - I **No. of hours: 8**

Terrestrial Environment: Soil profile and soil microflora
Aquatic Environment: Microflora of fresh water and marine habitats
Atmosphere: Aeromicroflora and dispersal of microbes

UNIT – II **No. of hours: 8**

Role of microorganisms in nutrient cycling (Carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus).
Treatment and safety of drinking (potable) water, methods to detect potability of water samples: (a) standard qualitative procedure: presumptive test/MPN test, confirmed and completed tests for faecal coliforms (b) Membrane filter technique. Microbial interactions – mutualism, commensalism, antagonism, competition, parasitism, predation.

UNIT – III **No. of hours: 6**

Outlines of Solid Waste management: Sources and types of solid waste, Methods of solid waste disposal (composting and sanitary landfill).
Liquid waste management: Composition and strength of sewage (BOD and COD), Primary, secondary (oxidation ponds, trickling filter, activated sludge process and septic tank) and tertiary sewage treatment.

UNIT – IV **No. of hours: 7**

Plant Growth Promoting Microorganisms - Mycorrhizae, Rhizobia, *Azospirillum, Azotobacter, Frankia*, phosphate-solubilizers and Cyanobacteria.
Outlines of biological nitrogen fixation (symbiotic, non-symbiotic).
Biofertilizers - *Rhizobium*.

UNIT – V **No. of hours: 7**

Concept of disease in plants. Symptoms of plant diseases caused by fungi, bacteria, and viruses. Plant diseases - groundnut rust, Citrus canker and tomato leaf curl.
Principles of plant disease control.
Biological control of Plant Diseases.
Unit-III: Western blotting and Sothern blotting

Additional input:

Determination quality of different water sample by MPN method

MB-5324-5P: ENVIRONMENTAL & AGRICULTURAL MICROBIOLOGY

TOTAL HOURS: 36 **CREDITS: 2**

1. Preparation of soil extract agar and any one culture media for algal growth
2. Isolation of microbes (bacteria and fungi) from soil.
3. Study of air micro flora by petriplate exposure method.
4. Microbiological Analysis of potable water Standard Plate Count
5. Determination of Dissolved Oxygen (DO) of water samples.
6. Isolation of *Rhizobium* from root nodules.
7. Isolation of actinomycetes on I.S.P. media (International Streptomyces project media)
8. Observation of photo micrographs of plant diseases of local importance - Citrus canker, Tikka disease of Groundnut, Bhendi yellow vein mosaic, Rusts, Smuts, Powdery mildews, Tomato leaf curl.

SUGGESTED READINGS

Atlas RM and Bartha R. (2000). **Microbial Ecology: Fundamentals & Applications.** 4th edition. Benjamin/Cummings Science Publishing, USA

Barton LL & Northup DE (2011). **Microbial Ecology**. 1st edition, Wiley Blackwell, USA

Campbell RE. (1983). **Microbial Ecology**. Blackwell Scientific Publication, Oxford, England.

Coyne MS. (2001). **Soil Microbiology: An Exploratory Approach.** Delmar Thomson Learning.

Lynch JM & Hobbie JE. (1988). **Microorganisms in Action: Concepts & Application in Microbial Ecology.** Blackwell Scientific Publication, U.K.

Madigan MT, Martinko JM and Parker J. (2014). **Brock Biology of Microorganisms**. 14th edition. Pearson/ Benjamin Cummings

Maier RM, Pepper IL and Gerba CP. (2009). **Environmental Microbiology**. 2nd edition, Academic Press

Martin A. (1977). **An Introduction to Soil Microbiology**. 2nd edition. John Wiley & Sons Inc. New York & London.

SRR & CVR GOVT.DEGREE COLLEGE (A) VIJAYAWADA

B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) SYLLABUS

THIRD YEAR – SEMESTER- V

SYLLABUS APPORVED THROUGH BOS 2019-20

MB-5324-6: FOOD AND INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY

Learning outcomes of Course (COs)

Up on completion of the course students able to

CO1: Demonstrate with the wide diversity of microbes and their potential for use in industrial microbiology

CO2: Able to understand principles of food preservation

CO3: Understand Screening methods and techniques involved in strain improvement

CO4: Get basic information design of fermentor, fermentation processes and down streaming

CO5: Self-reliance in the industrial application of Microbiology in life and industry and entrepreneurship can be established with the gained knowledge.

TOTAL HOURS: 36 **CREDITS: 3**

UNIT- I **No. of hours: 8**

Intrinsic and extrinsic parameters that affect microbial growth in food
How to clean vegetables/raw food during COVID-19 pandemic.
Microbial spoilage of food - fruits, vegetables, milk, meat, egg, bread and canned foods
Food intoxication (botulism).
Food-borne diseases (salmonellosis) and their detection.

UNIT – II **No. of hours: 7**

Principles of food preservation - Physical and chemical methods.
Fermented Dairy foods – cheese and yogurt.
Microorganisms as food – SCP, edible mushrooms (white button, oyster and paddy straw). Probiotics and their benefits.

UNIT – III No. of hours: 6

Microorganisms of industrial importance – yeasts,(Saccharomyces cerevisiae) moulds,(Aspergillus niger) Bacteria(E.coli), actinomycetes (Streptomycin griseus).
Outlines of Isolation and Screening and strain improvement of industrially-important microorganisms.

UNIT – IV **No. of hours: 8**

Types of fermentation processes – solid state, liquid state, batch, fed-batch, continuous.
Basic concepts of Design of fermenter.
Ingredients of Fermentation media
Downstream processing - filtration, centrifugation, cell disruption, solvent extraction.

UNIT – V **No. of hours: 7**

Microbial production of Industrial products - Citric acid, Ethanol, amylases, penicillin, glutamic acid and vitamin B12.

Additional inputs: Mushroom cultivation

MB-5324-6P: FOOD AND INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY

TOTAL HOURS: 36 **CREDITS: 2**

1. Isolation of bacteria and fungi from spoiled bread/fruits/vegetables
2. Preparation of Yogurt/Dahi
3. Determination of the microbiological quality of milk sample by MBRT
4. Isolation of antagonistic microorganisms by crowded plate technique
5. Design of Fermenter
6. Microbial fermentation for the production and estimation of ethanol from Grapes.
7. Microbial fermentation for the production and estimation of citric acid.

SUGGESTED READING

Adams MR and Moss MO. (1995). **Food Microbiology**. 4th edition, New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, New Delhi, India.

Banwart JM. (1987). **Basic Food Microbiology**. 1st edition. CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, India.

Casida LE. (1991). **Industrial Microbiology**. 1st edition. Wiley Eastern Limited.

Crueger W and Crueger A. (2000). **Biotechnology: A textbook of Industrial Microbiology**. 2nd Edition. Panima Publishing Company, New Delhi

Frazier WC and Westhoff DC. (1992). **Food Microbiology**. 3rd edition. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, India.

Jay JM, Loessner MJ and Golden DA. (2005). **Modern Food Microbiology**. 7th edition, CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, India

Patel AH. (1996). **Industrial Microbiology** .1st Edition. MacMillan India Limited Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi, India

Stanbury PF, Whitaker A and Hall SJ. (2006). **Principles of Fermentation Technology.** 2nd edition.

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B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) SYLLABUS

THIRD YEAR – SEMESTER- VI

SYLLABUS APPORVED THROUGH BOS 2019-20

MB -7324 A : MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

Aim and objectives of Course

To study applications of microbial biotechnology

Learning outcomes of Course (COs)

Up on completion of the course students able to

CO1: Students should be able to demonstrate with the wide diversity of microbes and their potential use in medicine, agriculture and industry.
CO2: Students will understand the production of recombinant vaccines

CO3: Students will get knowledge on microbial transformation of steroids and sterols
CO4: Students will understand the production methodology for bioethanol and biodiesel
CO5: Students will get outlines of intellectual property rights.

TOTAL HOURS: 36 **CREDITS: 3**

UNIT- I **No. of Hours: 8**

Microbial biotechnology: Scope and its applications in human therapeutics, agriculture (Biofertilizers, PGPR, Mycorrhizae), environmental, and food technology.
Genetically engineered microbes for industrial application: Bacteria and yeast

UNIT- II **No. of Hours: 7**

Recombinant microbial production processes in pharmaceutical industries - Streptokinase, recombinant vaccines (Hepatitis B vaccine).
Over view of production and applications of Microbial polysaccharides, Bioplastics and Microbial biosensors

UNIT- III **No. of Hours: 10**

Microbial based transformation of steroids and sterols.
Bio-catalytic processes and their industrial applications: Production of high fructose syrup and production of cocoa butter substitute.
Immobilization methods and their application: Whole cell immobilization

UNIT- IV **No. of Hours: 7**

Bio-ethanol and bio-diesel production: commercial production from lignocellulosic waste and algal biomass. Biogas production: Methane and hydrogen production using microbial culture. Microorganisms in bioremediation: Degradation of xenobiotics.

Mineral recovery, removal of heavy metals from aqueous effluents.

UNIT- V **No. of Hours: 4**

Outlines of Intellectual Property Rights: Patents, Copyrights, Trademarks

MB-7324 A P: MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

TOTAL HOURS: 36 **CREDITS: 2**

1. Yeast cell immobilization in calcium alginate gels
2. Enzyme immobilization by sodium alginate method
3. Pigment production from fungi (*Trichoderma* / *Aspergillus* / *Penicillium*)
4. Isolation of xylanase or lipase producing bacteria
5. Study of algal Single Cell Proteins

SUGGESTED READING

Crueger W, Crueger A (1990) Biotechnology: **A text Book of Industrial Microbiology** 2nd edition Sinauer associates, Inc.

Demain, A. L and Davies, J. E. (1999). **Manual of Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology**, 2nd Edition, ASM Press.

Glazer AN and Nikaido H (2007) **Microbial Biotechnology**, 2nd edition, Cambridge University Press

Glick BR, Pasternak JJ, and Patten CL (2010) **Molecular Biotechnology** 4th edition, ASM Press

Gupta PK (2009) **Elements of Biotechnology** 2nd edition, Rastogi Publications

Prescott, Harley and Klein's **Microbiology** by Willey JM, Sherwood LM, Woolverton CJ (2014), 9th edition, Mc Graw Hill Publishers.

Ratledge, C and Kristiansen, B. (2001). **Basic Biotechnology**, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press.

Stanbury PF, Whitaker A, Hall SJ (1995) **Principles of Fermentation Technology** 2nd edition., Elsevier Science

Swartz, J. R. (2001). **Advances in Escherichia coli production of therapeutic proteins. Current Opinion in Biotechnology**, 12, 195–201.

SRR & CVR GOVT.DEGREE COLLEGE (A) VIJAYAWADA

B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) SYLLABUS

THIRD YEAR – SEMESTER- VI

SYLLABUS APPORVED THROUGH BOS 2019-20

MB-8324 A1: MICROBIAL DIAGNOSIS IN HEALTH CLINICS

Aim and objectives of Course

To realize the principles of prevention and treatment of microbial diseases and to understand the concepts and development of microbial diseases in animals

Learning outcomes of Course (COs)

Up on completion of the course students able to

CO1: Develop knowledge and skills on microbiological laboratory skills for identification of pathogens

CO2: Students will demonstrate the collection of clinical samples

CO3: Students will get knowledge on staining techniques **CO4:** Students able to perform diagnostic techniques **CO5:**To understand drug resistance

TOTAL HOURS: 36

CREDITS: 3

UNIT- I **No. of hours: 8**

Study of Bacterial,(Tuberculosis and Typhoid) Viral,(Influenza and HIV) Fungal (Aspergillosis and Candidiasis)and Protozoan Malaria and Amebiasis)Diseases affecting humans.

UNIT- II **No. of hours: 8**

Collection of clinical samples (oral cavity, throat, skin, blood, CSF, urine and faeces) and precautions required.
Method of transport of clinical samples to laboratory and storage.

UNIT- III **No. of hours: 8**

Examination of sample by staining - Gram stain, Ziehl-Neelson staining for tuberculosis, Giemsa-stained thin blood film for malaria
Preparation and use of culture media - Blood agar, Chocolate agar, Lowenstein-Jensen medium, MacConkey agar, Distinct colony properties of various bacterial pathogens.

UNIT- IV **No. of hours: 6**

Serological Methods - Agglutination, ELISA, immunofluorescence, Nucleic acid based methods - PCR, Nucleic acid probes.

Typhoid, Dengue and HIV, Swine flu and RT PCR for Covid virus

UNIT- V **No. of hours: 6**

Importance, Determination of resistance/sensitivity of bacteria using disc diffusion method, Determination of minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) of an antibiotic by serial double dilution method

MB-8324 A1 P: MICROBIAL DIAGNOSIS IN HEALTH CLINICS

TOTAL HOURS: 36 **CREDITS: 2**

1. Collection transport and processing of any one of the following clinical specimens (Blood/ Urine/ Stool/Sputum). Receipts, Labeling, recording and dispatching clinical specimens.
2. Isolation of bacteria in pure culture and Antibiotic sensitivity.
3. Identification of common bacteria(E.coli, Staphylococus aureus and Streptococus sps) by studying their morphology, cultural character, Biochemical reactions, and other tests.
4. Maintenance and preservation of stock culture.

SUGGESTED READING

Ananthanarayan R and Paniker CKJ (2009) **Textbook of Microbiology**, 8th edition, Universities Press Private Ltd.

Brooks G.F., Carroll K.C., Butel J.S., Morse S.A. and Mietzner, T.A. (2013) Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's **Medical Microbiology**. 26th edition. McGraw Hill Publication

Collee JG, Fraser, AG, Marmion, BP, Simmons A (2007) Mackie and Mccartney Practical **Medical Microbiology**, 14th edition, Elsevier.

Randhawa, VS, Mehta G and Sharma KB (2009) **Practicals and Viva in Medical Microbiology** 2nd edition, Elsevier India Pvt Ltd

Tille P (2013) Bailey's and Scott's **Diagnostic Microbiology**, 13th edition, Mosby

III B.Sc Microbiology

Semester -VI

Blue Print For MB-8324 A1: MICROBIAL DIAGNOSIS IN HEALTH CLINICS

Total Marks= 60

Section		Unit -I	Unit-II	Unit-III	Unit-IV	Unit-V	Total questions	No of questions answered	Marks allotted
A	Short questions	2	2	2	2	2	10	5	5X4=20
B	Essay Questions	2	2	2	2	2	10	5	5X8=40

In section-B for each question internal choice has to be given

B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) REVISED SYLLABUS
(Admitted batch 2019-2020)

Third Year/ Semester-VI

MB-8324 A1: MICROBIAL DIAGNOSIS IN HEALTH CLINICS

TIME: 3 HOURS Maximum Marks: 60

Section-A

Answer any FIVE questions **5×4=20 Marks**

1. Typhoid
2. Ziehl-Neelson staining Copy rights
3. RT PCR
4. MacConkey agar
5. Streptokinase
6. MIC
7. WIDAL test
8. ELISA
9. Candidiasis

Section- B

Answer any FIVE questions **5×8=40 Marks**

11. a)Write causal organism, mode of transmission, pathogenesis, treatment and control of tuberculosis

(or)

b). Explain transmission and control of malaria

12. a) Explain methods for collection of clinical samples

(or)

b) Write methods for transport of clinical samples to laboratory and storage

13. a) Describe Preparation and use of Chocolate agar and Lowenstein-Jensen

(or)

b). Distinct colony properties of various bacterial pathogens

14. a) Explain serological methods

(or)

b). Write diagnostic tests for Dengue and Swine flu

(or)

15. a) Explain disc diffusion method

(or)

b). Explain serial double dilution method for determination of MIC of drug

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B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) SYLLABUS

THIRD YEAR – SEMESTER- VI

SYLLABUS APPORVED THROUGH BOS 2019-20

MB-8324 A2: MICROBIAL QUALITY CONTROL IN FOOD AND PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES

Aim and objectives of Course

To study quality control in food and pharmaceutical industries.

Learning outcomes of Course (COs)

Up on completion of the course students able to

CO1: Develop skills on disinfection of instruments and equipment's in laboratory and Hospitals.

CO2: To understand the techniques like MPN and direct microscopic methods

CO3: Students will get basic principles in serological techniques

CO4: Students will perform Enrichment culture technique and detection of specific microorganisms

CO5: Students will understand concepts Hazard analysis of critical control point (HACCP)

TOTAL HOURS: 36 **CREDITS: 3**

UNIT – I **No. of Hours: 8**

Good laboratory practices - Good microbiological practices.
Biosafety cabinets – Working of biosafety cabinets, using protective clothing, specification for BSL-1, BSL-2, BSL-3.
Discarding biohazardous waste – Methodology of Disinfection, Autoclaving & Incineration

UNIT – II **No. of Hours: 8**

Culture and microscopic methods - Standard plate count, Most probable numbers, Direct microscopic counts, Biochemical and immunological methods: Limulus lysate test for endotoxin, gel diffusion, sterility testing for pharmaceutical products

UNIT – III **No. of Hours: 8**

Molecular methods - Nucleic acid probes, PCR based detection, biosensors.

UNIT – IV **No. of Hours: 8**

Enrichment culture technique, Detection of specific microorganisms - on XLD agar, *Salmonella Shigella* Agar, Manitol salt agar, EMB agar, McConkey Agar, Saboraud Agar
Ascertaining microbial quality of milk by MBRT, Rapid detection methods of microbiological quality of milk at milk collection centres (COB, 10 min Resazurin assay).

UNIT – V **No. of Hours: 4**

Hazard analysis of critical control point (HACCP) - Principles, flow diagrams, limitationsMicrobial Standards for Different Foods and Water – BIS standards for common foods and drinking water.

MB-8324 A2 P: MICROBIAL QUALITY CONTROL IN FOOD AND PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES

TOTAL HOURS: 36 **CREDITS: 2**

1. Microbiological laboratory safety- General rules & Regulations.
2. Sterility tests for Instruments – Autoclave & Hot Air Oven
3. Disinfection of selected instruments & Equipments
4. Sterility of Air and its relationship to Laboratory & Hospital sepsis.
5. Sterility testing of Microbiological media
6. Sterility testing of any one Pharmaceutical product
7. Standard qualitative analysis of water.
8. Microbiological analysis of homogenized food samples by direct microscopic count

SUGGESTED READING

Baird RM, Hodges NA and Denyer SP (2005) Handbook of Microbiological Quality control in Pharmaceutical and Medical Devices, Taylor and Francis Inc.

Garg N, Garg KL and Mukerji KG (2010) Laboratory Manual of Food Microbiology I K International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

Harrigan WF (1998) Laboratory Methods in Food Microbiology, 3rd ed. Academic Press

Jay JM, Loessner MJ, Golden DA (2005) Modern Food Microbiology, 7th edition. Springer

Laboratory Exercises in Microbiology, George.A.Wistreich & Max.D.Lechtman, 3 rd Ed, Glencoe press, London.

Manual of diagnostic microbiology, Dr.B.J.Wadher & Dr.G.L.Bhoosreddy, Firs.Ed., Himalaya publishing house, Nagpur.

Microbiology - A laboratory manual, Cappuccino & Sherman , 6 th Ed, Pearson Education

Pharmaceutical Microbiology – Purohit

Pharmaceutical Microbiology – W.B. Hugo

III B.Sc Microbiology

Semester -VI

Blue Print For MB-8324 A2: MICROBIAL QUALITY CONTROL IN FOOD AND PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES

Total Marks= 60

Section		Unit-I	Unit-II	Unit-III	Unit-IV	Unit-V	Total questions	No of questions answered	Marks allotted
A	Short questions	2	2	2	2	2	10	5	5X4=20
B	Essay Questions	2	2	2	2	2	10	5	5X8=40

In section-B for each question internal choice has to be given

B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) REVISED SYLLABUS
(Admitted batch 2019-2020)

Third Year/ Semester-VI

MB-8324 A2: MICROBIAL QUALITY CONTROL IN FOOD AND PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES TIME: 3 HOURS Maximum Marks: 60

Section-A

Answer any FIVE questions 5×4=20 Marks

1. Autoclave
2. Gel diffusion
3. Saboraud agar
4. EMB agar
5. ELISA
6. XLD agar
7. Direct microscopic count
8. Resazurin assay
9. Incineration
10. Manitol salt agar

Section- B

Answer any FIVE questions 5×8=40 Marks

11. a) Discuss bio safety in microbiology and biomedical laboratories

(or)

b). Explain disinfection methods

12. a) Write biochemical methods for endotoxin and sterility tests for pharmaceutical products

(or)

b) Describe the any two culture methods to enumerate the microorganisms

13. a) Write working principle and methodology for PCR

(or)

b). Explain nucleic acid probes detection method

14. a) Discuss MBRT method for determination of quality of milk

(or)

b). Write any three enrichment culture media with examples

(or)

15. a) Discuss various hazard analysis of critical control points(HACCP?

(or)

b). Write an essay on citric acid production

SRR & CVR GOVT.DEGREE COLLEGE (A) VIJAYAWADA

B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) SYLLABUS

THIRD YEAR – SEMESTER- VI

SYLLABUS APPORVED THROUGH BOS 2019-20

MB-8324 A3: BIOFERTILIZERS AND BIOPESTICIDES

Learning outcomes of Course (COs)

Up on completion of the course students able to

CO1: Develop knowledge and skills on mass multiplication and field application of bio fertilizers and bio pesticides.

CO2: To get knowledge on mass multiplication and field application of *Azatobacter*, and *Azospirellum*

CO3: To get knowledge on mass multiplication and field application of phosphate solubilizing microbes

CO4: To get knowledge on mycorrhizae

CO5: To understand the concept of bio insecticides

TOTAL HOURS: 36 **CREDITS: 3**

UNIT – I **No of Hours: 10**

General account of the microbes used as biofertilizers for various crop plants and their advantages over chemical fertilizers.

Symbiotic N_2 fixers: *Rhizobium* - Isolation, characteristics, types, inoculum production and field application, legume/pulses plants

Frankia from non-legumes and characterization.

Cyanobacteria from *Azolla*, characterization, mass multiplication, Role in rice cultivation, Crop response, field application.

UNIT – II **No of Hours: 6**

Free living *Azospirillum*, *Azotobacter* - isolation, characteristics, mass inoculum production and field application.

UNIT – III **No of Hours: 6**

Phosphate solubilizing microbes - Isolation, characterization, mass inoculum production, field application

UNIT – IV **No of Hours: 7**

Importance of mycorrizal inoculum, types of mycorrhizae and associated plants, Mass inoculum production of VAM, field applications of Ecto mycorrhizae and VAM.

UNIT – V **No of Hours: 7**

General account of microbes used as bioinsecticides and their advantages over synthetic pesticides.

Bacillus thuringiensis - production, Field applications.

Viruses – NPV cultivation and field applications.

MB-8324 A3P: BIOFERTILIZERS AND BIOPESTICIDES

TOTAL HOURS: 36 **CREDITS: 2**

1. Isolation of *Rhizobium* from root nodules.

3. Isolation of phosphate solubilizers from soil

4. Staining and observation of VAM

3. A visit to biofertilizer production unit.

SUGGESTED READINGS

Agarwal SK (2005) **Advanced Environmental Biotechnology**, APH publication.

Kannaiyan, S. (2003). **Bioetchnology of Biofertilizers,** CHIPS, Texas.

Mahendra K. Rai (2005). **Hand book of Microbial biofertilizers**, The Haworth Press, Inc. New York.

Reddy, S.M. et. al. (2002). **Bioinoculants for sustainable agriculture and forestry**, Scientific Publishers.

Saleem F and Shakoori AR (2012) **Development of Bioinsecticide,** Lap Lambert Academic Publishing GmbH KG

Subba Rao N.S (1995) **Soil microorganisms and plant growth** Oxford and IBH publishing co. Pvt. Ltd. NewDelhi.

III B.Sc Microbiology

Semester -VI

Blue Print For MB-8324 A3: BIOFERTILIZERS AND BIOPESTICIDES

Total Marks= 60

Section		Unit-I	Unit-II	Unit-III	Unit-IV	Unit-V	Total questions	No of questions answered	Marks allotted
A	Short questions	2	2	2	2	2	10	5	5X4=20
B	Essay Questions	2	2	2	2	2	10	5	5X8=40

In section-B for each question internal choice has to be given

B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) REVISED SYLLABUS
(Admitted batch 2019-2020)

Third Year/ Semester-VI

MB-8324 A3 BIOFERTILIZERS AND BIOPESTICIDES

TIME: 3 HOURS Maximum Marks: 60

Section-A

Answer any FIVE questions 5×4=20 Marks

1. Rhizobium
2. Bioinsecticides
3. Frankia
4. Azolla
5. Endo mycorriza
6. Sedaro phores
7. Cyanobacteria
8. Biofertilizers
9. Nitrogenase
10. Biological control

Section- B

Answer any FIVE questions 5×8=40 Marks

11. a) Write an account on microbes used as biofertilizers for various crops and their advantages over chemical fertilizers? (or)

b) Describe mass multiplication of cyanbacteria and field application in rice cultivation?

12 a) Explain Isolation mass multiplication of *Azospirillum* and field application?

(or)

b) Describe isolation, mass multiplication field application of Azatobacter?

13. a) Describe isolation, mass multiplication field application of phosphate solubilizing microbes? (or)

b) List out various phosphate solubilizing microbes and its importance?

14. a) Explain various types of mycorrhizae?

` (or)

b) Mass production of VAM and field applications?

15. a)Discuss *Bacillus thuringienesis* production and field applications?

(or)

b) How NPV cultivated and its applications in field?

SRR & CVR GOVT. DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VIJAYAWADA

Practical Examination pattern for Semester End Examinations

Practical examination in Department of MICROBIOLOGY is held before end of semester exams twice in a year to test practical skills among the students.

Total marks allotted for practical are **50** marks which are divided as 25 for internal and 25 for external for the duration of **two** hours in each semester

The division of marks is as follows

External

Major Experiment	Minor Experiment	To identify the instrument to give the working principle	Record	Viva-Voce
8 Marks	4 Marks	2 X 2 ½ =5 Marks	5Marks	3Marks

Internal

Record	Project viva	Continuous assessment
10 Marks	10 Marks	5 Marks

SRR & CVR GOVT. DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VIJAYAWADA

Student Evaluation Policy and Procedure

1. EVALUATION POLICY AND PROCEDURE

Students are evaluated for 100 marks in each course. These 100 Marks are spitted into Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and Semester End Evaluation (SEE). 40 marks are allocated to CIA and 60 marks for SEE.

CONTINUOUS INTERNAL ASSESSMENT (CIA) FOR 40 MARKS

Out of a maximum of 100 marks in each theory paper, 40 marks shall normally be allotted for continuous internal assessment. The Assessment shall be made by the teacher handling that paper in the manner prescribed here under. Where the same paper is handled by two or more teachers, the Head of the Department shall decide upon the teacher, who shall make the internal assessment or fix the proportion of the marks among the teachers for the internal assessment of the students.

Out of these 40 marks, 10 marks are allotted to Continuous Internal Exams. Two Continuous Internal exams are conducted for 20 marks in each exam and the average of these two exams scale down to 10 marks shall be deemed as the marks obtained by the student in Continuous Internal Exams.

Out of these 40 marks, 10 marks are allotted to Assignments. Two assignments are given to the students during the course. 5 marks are allotted for each assignment and total of these two assignments are included in Continuous Internal Assessment.

Out of these 40 marks, 10 marks are allotted to Project Work/ Group Discussion. Students will be assigned student study project for 10 Marks under CIA. Then the student has to submit a project report under the supervision of Faculty Member. These 10 marks may also be assigned to group discussion also. Student will be evaluated here based on his/her way of expression, conceptual strength, attitude, listening -understanding skills and level of participation in the discussion.

Out of these 40 marks, 5 marks are allotted to Student Seminar and 5 marks for Viva-Voce. Each Student may give student seminar to the peer team. This student seminar will carry 5 marks. Here feedback will be collected on 5 points scale from the participants in the student seminar [or] Viva- Voce will be conducted by the concerned subject faculty for 5marks.

The summarized continuous internal assessment is

1. Average of Two Continuous Internal exams	**-**	**10 Marks**
2. Total of Two Assignments	**-**	**10 Marks**
3. Project Work/Group Discussion	**-**	**10 Marks**
4. Student Seminar	**-**	**5 Marks**
5. Feedback/Viva-Voce	**-**	**5 Marks**

1.2 CIA IN PROJECT WORK AND COMPREHENSIVESEMINAR

Each student has to conduct Industry/Laboratory oriented Research work in his/her interested area and has to prepare Project Report by using either primary data or secondary data. This is different from student study project. It is research oriented Industrial/laboratory project conducted under the supervision of Faculty Member of the department. The students have to submit the project work report to the supervision of Faculty at the end of VI Semester End Evaluation process. After submitting project work report, the students have to give Comprehensive Seminar by explaining their research in the industry/Lab. Project Work carries 40 Marks and Comprehensive Seminar carries 10 Marks.

Every student is required, to take every test for Continuous internal Assessment, unless he/she is permitted by the Principal to write at a later date on valid reasons, before the test is conducted. In case where permission is not obtained, the decision of the Principal to hold or not to hold separate examination for such candidate is final.

Permission to write Internal Assessment test at the end of corresponding Semester – end exams may be given on medical grounds and other valid grounds. For such candidates, test/s is/are conducted by the faculty member concerned in consultation with the Head of the Department with a different question paper.

The Student has to get minimum 40 per cent (16 Marks) marks in the Continuous Internal Assessment to complete the Course Paper.

Suggestive Question paper pattern for CIA/SEE (Based on Bloom Taxonomy)

Though the faculty concerned is empowered to adopt their own pattern for question paper, a general and suggestive model for question paper is given below based on Blooms Taxonomy.

S. No	Learning Objective	Percentage of Marks
1	Memory based (Remember)	10
2	Understand (Comprehension)	10
3	Application	15
4	Analysis	15
5	Evaluation	25
6	Creativity	25
Total		**100**

SRR & CVR GOVT.DEGREE COLLEGE (A)

Vijayawada, Krishna (Dist.)

List of Subject Experts/Paper Setters in Microbiology

S.NO	NAME OF THE EXPERT	UNIVERSITY	CONTACT NUMBER
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3	Smt. T. Sony	SCIM Govt. Degree College, Tanuku, West Godavari (Dist.)	9966252410
4	Dr. A. Padmavathi Lecturer in Microbiology	Head Department of Microbiology Ch.S.D.St. Theresa's College For Women(A), Eluru, West Godavari (Dist.)	9440581035
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6	Sri ASSDV Prasad Raju. V Lecturer in Microbiology	Department of Microbiology B. V. Raju Degree College Bhimavaram West Godavari (Dist.)	9989454855
7	Sri S V V S N Murthy Lecturer in Microbiology	Department of Microbiology S K S D MahilakalasaTanuku, West Godavari (Dist,)	9491714268
8	Smt. R. Sakuntala Lecturer in Microbiology	D.N.R Degree College Bhimavaram West Godavari (Dist.)	9912124420